



Newsletter

April 2024
The Third Newsletter

- Deliverables and Milestones
- News and Events

easySRI aims to enable a smooth and extendable web platform that offers services for the automated calculation of the SRI according to the final report of the European Commission DG Energy ENER that will act as a basis for an effective implementation of the SRI and allow further testing at Member State level.

We're halfway through the project!

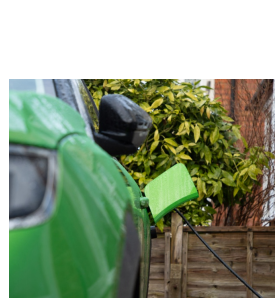


D1.3 Data Management Plan and Ethics v2

CETMA

Second version of the report that will contain the data management plan of the project, the way data are collected and handled and details about the ethics aspects and management.

[This deliverable is confidential.](#)



D3.1 Review of the SRI methodology

WSEE

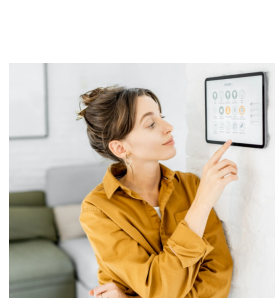
This report provides a detailed overview of the current SRI methodology, both from the legal perspective and as provided in the Method A and B service catalogues supplied by the European Commission. It also proposes procedures for the realisation of SRI certification in an automated manner, including the customisation of the service catalogue and the domain weightings (e.g. heating, cooling, ventilation) depending on the national priorities and the climatic conditions. It provides key inputs to the Task 3.4 work framing the aspects and functionalities that the easySRI calculation engine and easySRI Wizard tool will need to provide.



D3.2 Analysis of energy efficiency and links with SRI

SERA

This study looks at the scope of linking the Smart Readiness Indicator (SRI) with energy efficiency. The SRI assessment is currently based on a purely qualitative approach: in short, the energy efficiency improvements based on the SRI assessment are those associated with the application of BAC in building operations. BAC consists of hardware and software, both of which are subject to change during building operation. Therefore, metered energy consumption is the correct indicator to cross-check the potential identified by the qualitative SRI assessment. Among others, the study concludes that standardisation plays a key role in the realisation of energy savings through building automation and control.



D3.3 Technical and Financial indicators for SRTs

FREDU

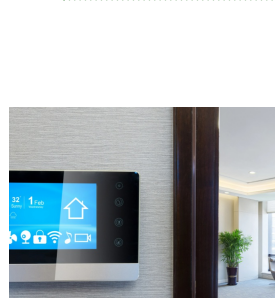
In Task 3.3 of the easySRI project, we evaluated technical and financial indicators to create an SRI Catalogue. By integrating smart readiness initiatives with product installations and financial analyses via Life Cycle Costing, we developed key indicators for assessing the financial viability of energy upgrades. Our approach included market research, energy efficiency calculations, and partner feedback, culminating in an SRT Catalogue that outlines profitable investment opportunities and compares market scenarios, aiding in effective SRI scheme evaluations.



D3.4 easySRI Implementation pathways

WSEE

The report from this task consolidates the findings from the previous WP3 tasks into a combined system that provides the SRI assessment in a weighted manner including national specifications and incorporates links with EPCs and financial assessment. This methodology, presented into one document, forms the basis for the calculation procedures of the easySRI platform. Particular focus is given to the Member States that easySRI consortium partners represent and the proposed framework allows the platform to be extendable and exploitable by other Member States, depending on the methodology they follow and their national choices.



D6.1 easySRI policy implications and national priorities report

SERA

The report suggest ways in which the integration of main outcomes of the easySRI project to existing policies may occur. This is based on the mapping of SRI impact indicators to the EU policy framework and policy instruments to identify which SRI impacts are relevant to which specific policy frameworks, instruments, and initiatives. Furthermore, it is investigated how priorities at national level can be supported. This refers to the SRI impact categories and SRI impact indicators which represent thematically self-contained subject areas which are used to structure policies and initiatives, and allocate responsible authorities, organisations and other stakeholders.



D6.6 Report on the contribution to standardization v1

ASI

Explore the intricacies of Smart Readiness Indicators (SRIs) in our latest report, focusing on the essential role of standards in shaping project outcomes. Through thorough analysis, we uncover how standards impact SRIs, identifying areas for improvement and offering practical recommendations for project success and sustainability. Our methodology, blending quantitative, qualitative, and semi-empirical approaches, ensures reliable findings. Dive into the details of standards, revealing gaps for intervention and enhancement. Our recommendations empower stakeholders to navigate the standards landscape confidently, aligning with project goals and fostering innovation.

Improving and Demonstrating the Potential of SRI

Smart Readiness Indicator Joint Event

easySRI participated in SRI Platform 4th Plenary meeting. The joint event took place in Brussels, focusing on SRI Platform working groups, smart building investments, and assessing building smartness. The project was represented by Dr. Dimosthenis Ioannidis, from CERTH.



[Read more](#)

easySRI 3rd Plenary Meeting

The 3rd plenary meeting of easySRI was held in Thessaloniki, Greece on 19th and 20th of December, hosted by CERTH. Different work packages were presented, with discussions about the current status, main findings, and future steps.



[Read more](#)

easySRI 2nd Newsletter

The second newsletter of easySRI is out. The project is officially running for one year. The newsletters provide a description of the project's result in the past half year, in addition to the latest news and events of the project. You can check out this newsletter [here](#).



[Read more](#)



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